IVAT SRL KFE.2500 - WASH PRIMER 1+1

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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: KFE.2500

Product name WASH PRIMER 1+1

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Primer

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name IVAT SRL
Full address DAGNANO 20

District and Country 52036 PIEVE SANTO STEFANO (AR)

ITALIA

Tel. 0575-797289 Fax 0575-796756

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

info@ivatcoatings.com

Product distribution by IVAT

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 0575-797289 ore ufficio

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

2.1.1. Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and following amendments and adjustments.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 STOT SE 3 H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

2.1.2. 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC Directives and following amendments and adjustments.

Danger Symbols: F

R phrases: 11-52/53-66-67

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces. No smoking.
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant

Contains: ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 67/548/EEC. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

ETHYL ACETATE

CAS. 141-78-6 7 - 10 R66, R67, F R11, Xi R36 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 205-500-4 INDEX. 607-022-00-5

Reg. no. 01-2119475103-46-XXXX

N-BUTYL ACETATE

CAS. 123-86-4 7 - 10 R10, R66, R67 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC. 204-658-1 INDEX. 607-025-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119485493-29-xxxx

XILENE

CAS. 1330-20-7 7 - 10 R10, Xn R20/21, Xi R38 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, EC. 215-535-7 Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

INDEX. 601-022-00-9

Reg. no. 01-2119488216-32-xxxx

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

CAS. 78-83-1 5 - 7 R10, R67, Xi R37/38, Xi R41 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336

EC. 201-148-0 INDEX. 603-108-00-1

Reg. no. 01-2119484609-23-XXXX

ORTHOPHOSPHORIC ACID, ZINC SALT

CAS. 7779-90-0 4 - 5 N R51/53

EC. 030-011-00-6 INDEX. 231-944-3 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

CAS 108-10-1 EC. 203-550-1

R66, F R11, Xn R20, Xi R36/37 3 - 4

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

STOT SE 3 H335, EUH066

INDEX. 606-004-00-4

Reg. no. 01-2119473980-30-XXXX

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures. .../>>

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Éire

Regulatory References:

United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Containing the list of workplace exposure limits

for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (as amended).

Code of Practice Chemical Agent Regulations 2011.

OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive

2000/39/EC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2012

				N-BUTYI	ACETATE	
Threshold Limit V	alue.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
WEL	UK	724	150	966	200	
OEL	IRL	710	150	950	200	
TLV-ACGIH		713	150	950	200	

				ETHYL	ACETATE
Threshold Limit Va	alue.				
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
WEL	UK		200		400
OEL	IRL		200		400
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400		

				XI	LENE					
Threshold Limit Value.										
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min						
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN				
TLV-ACGIH		434	100		150	SKIN				

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

				ICODITY	L ALCOHOL		
				1306011	LALCOHOL		
Threshold Limit V	alue.						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
WEL	UK	154	50	231	75		
OEL	IRL	150	50	225	75		
TLV-ACGIH		152	50			pelle	

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE										
Threshold Limit V	alue.									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
WEL	UK	208	50	416	100	SKIN				
OEL	IRL	83	20	208	50	SKIN				
OEL	EU	83	20	208	50					
TLV-ACGIH		82	20	307	75					

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category II (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in PVC, neoprene, nitryl or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves' limit depends on the duration of exposure.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (if available) for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an A or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of respiratory tract protection equipment, such as masks like that indicated above, is necessary to reduce worker exposure in the absence of technical measures. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance viscous liquid Colour areen

TYPICAL OF SOLVENT Odour

Odour threshold. Not available. pH. Not available.

Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. 130 °C Boiling range. Not available. Flash point. 21 **Evaporation Rate** Not available.

Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. % (V/V). 20 °C.

Upper inflammability limit. % (V/V). 20

Lower explosive limit. Not available.

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties. .../>>

Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Vapour density Not available. Relative density. Not available. Relative density. 1,000 Kg/l

Solubility SOLVED IN POLYETHER, ALCOLS, CHETON, AROMATIC HIDROCARBONS

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature.

Decomposition temperature.

Viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC): 73,00 % - 730,00 g/litre.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE: reacts violently with light metals, such as aluminium; attacks different types of plastic.

ETHYL ACETATE: decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: decomposes readily with water, especially when warm.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE: can react violently with oxidising agents. In the presence of air it forms peroxides. Forms explosive mixtures with air when hot.

ETHYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: metals, alkalis, hydrides oleum can react violently with: fluoride, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulfuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. Can react dangerously with alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE: avoid exposure to sources of heat.

ETHYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to light, sources of heat and naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: avoid exposure to moisture, sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE: oxidising substances, reducing substances.

ETHYL ACETATE: acids and bases, strong oxidising agents; aluminium and some plastics, nitrates and chlorosulphuric acid.

N-BUTYL ACETATE: water, nitrates, strong oxidising agents, acids and alkalis and potassium tert-butoxide.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Acute effects: contact with skin may cause irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. Vapour inhalation may slightly irritate the upper respiratory trait. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects, such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

N-BUTYL ACETATE:in humans the substance's vapours cause irritation to the eues and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, there is skin irritation, dermatosis (with driness and flaking of the skin) and keratitis.

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information. .../>>

XILENE

 LD50 (Oral).
 3523 mg/kg rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 4350 mg/kg rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 6350 ppm/4h rat

ORTHOPHOSPHORIC ACID, ZINC SALT

LD50 (Oral). > 5000 PPM RATTO

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

 LD50 (Oral).
 2460 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 2460 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat

4-METHYLPENTAN-2-ONE

 LD50 (Oral).
 2080 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 16000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 8,2 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 4100 ppm topo

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 20000 ppm coniglio

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 6000 ppm/6h ratto

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 10760 mg/kg Ratto

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 14000 mg/kg coniglio

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 211 mg/l/4h Ratto

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity.

XILENE

 $LC50 (96h) - for Fish. > 4,2 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss \\ EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. > 2930 mg/l daphnia magna$

ORTHOPHOSPHORIC ACID, ZINC SALT

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 1 mg/l EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 2 1 mg/l

ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. > 1430 mg/l PIMEPHALES PROMELAS

EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. > 1100 mg/l DAPHNIA PULEX

ETHYL ACETATE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 230 mg/l pimephales promelas

EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 260 mg/l dafnia pulex

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 (96h) - for Fish. 18 mg/l pimaphales promelas EC50 (48h) - for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 44 mg/l dafnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

BCF. 15,3 mg/l

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil, sewers and waterways.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group:

Label:
3
Nr. Kemler:
33
Limited Quantity.
5 L
Tunnel restriction code.
(D/E)



Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

Special Provision: 640C

Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class: 3 UN: 1263

 Packing Group:
 II

 Label:
 3

 EMS:
 F-E
 , S-E

Marine Pollutant. NO

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL



60 I

Transport by air:

IATA: 3 UN: 1263

Packing Group: II Label: 3 Cargo:

Packaging instructions: 364

364 Maximum quantity:

Pass.:

Packaging instructions: 353 Maximum quantity: 5 L

Special Instructions: A3, A72

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. 7b

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. .../>>

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3 - 40

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 689/2008:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Wash primer.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition 80,00 VOC of product: 730,00

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1
Aquatic Chronic 2
Aquatic Chronic 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

R10 FLAMMABLE.

R11 HIGHLY FLAMMABLE. R20 HARMFUL BY INHALATION.

R20/21 HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.

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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

R36 IRRITATING TO EYES.

R36/37 IRRITATING TO EYES AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM. R37/38 IRRITATING TO RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN.

R38 IRRITATING TO SKIN.

R41 RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

R51/53 TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

R52/53 HARMFUL TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT.

REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.

R67 VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 9. Handling Chemical Safety
- 10. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 11. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 12. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 13. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 14. ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

11 / 16.